1	R.S. 2477 HISTORIC ROADS CONCURRENT
2	RESOLUTION
3	2010 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Michael E. Noel
6	Senate Sponsor: Margaret Dayton
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LONG TITLE

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General Description:

This concurrent resolution of the Legislature and the Governor addresses the lack of federal recognition of any R.S. 2477 highway rights across federally managed lands in Utah and encourages federal recognition of these rights.

Highlighted Provisions:

This resolution:

- ► strongly encourages the United States Government to immediately begin to recognize valid state and local government rights-of-way across federally-managed lands and refrain from all actions to restrict and close historic and other valid public highways in Utah;
- encourages state and local government agencies to seek federal administrative recognition of established R.S. 2477 rights across federally managed lands through a Recordable Disclaimer of Interest process;
- encourages counties to join with the state in adjudicating public highway rights-of-way, without further delay, as necessary to preserve and protect the public's right to enjoy the continued use of historic highways throughout the state;
 - recognizes the fiduciary duty of elected and appointed officials to protect highway



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26	rights they manage in trust for the public; and
27	 strongly encourages federal officials to refrain from pressuring state and local
28	officials to accept lesser Federal Land Policy Management Act Title V permits or
29	maintenance agreements on roads for which substantial evidence of a valid R.S.
30	2477 right-of-way exists, because the permits and agreements diminish or eradicate
31	property rights granted to Utahns by Congress under R.S. 2477.
32	Special Clauses:
33	None
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35	Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah, the Governor concurring therein:
36	WHEREAS, in 1866, the United States Congress passed legislation offering an
37	open-ended grant of "the right of way for the construction of highways over public lands, not
38	reserved for public uses";
39	WHEREAS, the grant of rights-of-way, commonly called "R.S. 2477," remained in
40	effect for 110 years, and most of the transportation routes of the West were established under
41	its authority;
42	WHEREAS, Congress protected all existing R.S. 2477 rights-of-way in the Federal
43	Land Policy Management Act (FLPMA) when it repealed R.S. 2477 on October 21, 1976;
44	WHEREAS, unlike any other federal land statute, the establishment of R.S. 2477
45	rights-of-way required no administrative formalities, entry, application, license, patent, or deed
46	on the federal side, and no formal act of public acceptance on the part of the states or localities
47	in whom the right was vested;
48	WHEREAS, Utah and its counties have historically provided safe, efficient, and
49	functional transportation systems throughout the state, including highways across federally
50	managed lands established because of the jurisdiction granted to the state and its counties under
51	R.S. 2477;
52	WHEREAS, R.S. 2477 has become one of the more contentious land use issues in the
53	West because of efforts by federal land managers and environmental advocacy groups to
54	weaken and diminish states' and counties' historical rights to operate highways providing public
55	travel across federally managed lands;

WHEREAS, the current federal policy to not recognize any R.S. 2477 rights-of-way in

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the state of Utah conflicts with the Tenth Circuit Court of Appeal's recognition that most of the
transportation routes of the West were established under the authority of R.S. 2477 and that a
status quo of maintenance levels and types of use exists without federal permission;

WHEREAS, federal land managers have attempted to create a new federal transportation system wherein Utah's congressionally granted rights would be administratively abolished, creating federal highway jurisdiction which closes and restricts access to the state and its counties who presently fund maintenance activities on federal transportation system roads;

WHEREAS, federal land management agencies have duties and obligations to act in accordance with the FLPMA and other lawful requirements yet are attempting to establish federal control over state and local highways;

WHEREAS, the Department of the Interior has not formally recognized R.S. 2477 jurisdiction along Hole-in-the-Rock Road, which traverses Garfield, Kane, and San Juan Counties, even as it is being celebrated as a symbol of pioneer settlement of the West, exemplifying Congress's intent in granting highway rights-of-way;

WHEREAS, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) refuses to recognize Tooele County's R.S. 2477 jurisdiction over the Pony Express Route Road and the Hastings Pass Road, associated with the Donner Party, in spite of the historical significance of the route and the establishment of a highway right-of-way purposefully granted to Utah by Congress;

WHEREAS, federal land managers deny R.S. 2477 jurisdiction over historic highways such as the Nine Mile Canyon Road in Carbon and Duchesne Counties, the Hidden Splendor Mine Road in Emery County, the Burr Trail Road and the Notom Road in Garfield County, the Beef Basis Road in San Juan County, and the Paria Canyon Road in Kane County, which was recently closed by the BLM in response to public pressure from various environmental advocacy groups, despite Kane County's repeated unanswered request for federal R.S. 2477 recognition of the road;

WHEREAS, federal land managers so far have failed to recognize state and county jurisdiction to manage and regulate highways across federally managed lands, even though state and local governments exclusively maintain and repair those highways with state and local funds; and

WHEREAS, public highways established under R.S. 2477 are important to the

continuance of cohesive state and county transportation systems in providing safe, efficient, and functional public access to and across lands of varied ownership and status consistent with local tradition, culture, and economic needs:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the Governor concurring therein, strongly encourages the United States Government to cooperate in recognizing all R.S. 2477 highway rights across federally managed lands, and refrain from any and all actions that restrict and close historic public highways in Utah.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor encourage state and local government agencies to seek federal administrative recognition of established R.S. 2477 rights across federally managed lands through a Recordable Disclaimer of Interest process.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor, consistent with federal policy, encourage counties in Utah to join with the state in adjudicating public highway rights-of-way, without further delay, as necessary to preserve and protect the public's right to enjoy the continued use of historic highways throughout the state.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor recognize the fiduciary duty of elected and appointed officials to protect highway rights they manage in trust for the public.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature and the Governor encourage federal officials to refrain from pressuring state and local officials to accept lesser FLPMA Title V permits or maintenance agreements on roads for which substantial evidence of a valid R.S.2477 right-of-way exists, because the permits and agreements diminish and eradicate property rights granted to Utahns by Congress under R.S. 2477.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to the United States Secretary of the Interior, the Bureau of Land Management, the Garfield County Commission, the Kane County Commission, the San Juan County Commission, the Carbon County Commission, the Duchesne County Commission, the Emery County Commission, the Utah Association of Counties, the Utah League of Cities and Towns, and the Utah Department of Natural Resources.

H.C.R. 14 1st Sub. (Buff) - R.s. 2477 Historic Roads Concurrent Resolution

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

3/10/2010, 7:52:27 AM, Lead Analyst: Bleazard, M./Attny: JLW

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst